Name

Chapter 1 **Introduction to Earth Science**

Section 1.1 What Is Earth Science?

(pages 2-5)

This section explains what Earth science is and what Earth scientists study.

Reading Strategy (page 2)

Categorizing As you read about the different branches of Earth science, list some of the things that are studied in each branch. For more information on this Reading Strategy, see the Reading and Study Skills in the Skills and Reference Handbook at the end of your textbook.

geology	a.
oceanography	b.
meteorology	C.
astronomy	d.

Overview of Earth Science (pages 2–3)

- 1. Circle the letters of the topics studied in Earth science.
 - a. Earth's atmosphere
 - b. Earth's surface
 - c. Earth's neighbors in space
- 2. What does the word *geology* mean? _____
- **3.** Is the following sentence true or false? Geology is divided into two broad

areas—physical geology and historical geology.

- 4. What do physical geologists study?
- 5. Rocks and minerals form in response to Earth's internal and

_____ processes.

Class_____ Date _____

Chapter 1 **Introduction to Earth Science**

6. Historical geologists try to establish a timeline of the vast number of

_____ and biological changes that have occurred in the past.

- 7. What do oceanographers study? _____
- 8. The study of the atmosphere and the processes that produce

weather and climate is ______. Circle the correct answer.

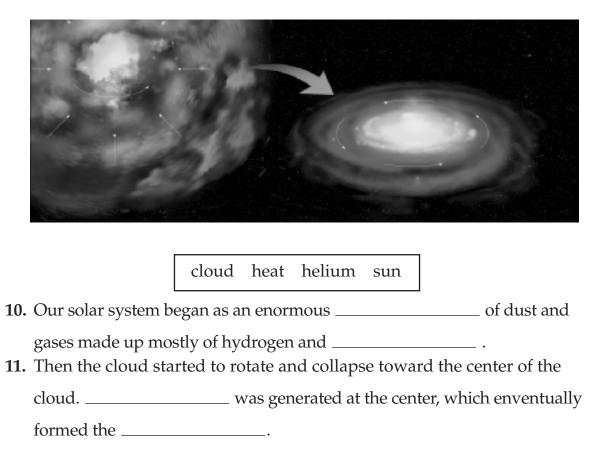
astronomy meteorology physics

Formation of Earth (pages 3-5)

9. The ______ hypothesis suggests that the bodies of our solar system evolved from an enormous rotating cloud called the solar nebula. Choose the correct answer.

nebular solar cloud

Look at the diagram. It shows the first two stages of the formation of the solar system according to the nebular hypothesis. Complete the sentences below about these stages using the terms in the box.



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