Name

Class

Chapter 8 Earthquakes and Earth's Interior

# Section 8.1 What Is an Earthquake? (pages 218-221)

This section explains what earthquakes and faults are and what causes earthquakes.

# Reading Strategy (page 218)

**Building Vocabulary** As you read this section, write a definition for each vocabulary term in your own words. For more information on this Reading Strategy, see the **Reading and Study Skills** in the **Skills and Reference Handbook** at the end of your textbook.

Vocabulary	Definition
earthquake	a.
fault	b. fracture in Earth where movement has occurred
focus	C.
epicenter	d.

**1.** Circle the letter of the approximate number of major earthquakes that take place each year.

a.	about 50	b.	about 100	c.	about 3000

### Earthquakes (pages 218–219)

Match each description with its earthquake feature.

#### Description

#### **Earthquake Feature**

- 2. energy that travels in all directions from the earthquake origin
- 4. surface location directly above where an earthquake originates
- 5. point within Earth where an earthquake starts
- a. epicenter b. focus c. seismic wave d. fault

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Chapter 8 Earthquakes and Earth's Interior

## The Cause of Earthquakes (pages 219-221)

**6.** Is the following sentence true or false? It was not until after the 1906 San Francisco earthquake was studied that the actual cause of earthquakes

was understood. \_\_\_\_\_

**7.** Complete the flowchart to show the sequence of events that occur when rocks are deformed along a fault.



- 8. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ hypothesis states that when rocks are deformed, they bend and then break, releasing stored energy.
- **9.** Is the following sentence true or false? Most earthquakes occur along existing faults. \_\_\_\_\_
- **10.** Circle the letter of small Earth movements that occur following a major earthquake.

a. foreshocks b. slippage c. aftershocks

11. What is fault creep? \_\_\_\_\_